Clinical Report



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Sinus Lift(Socket lift)

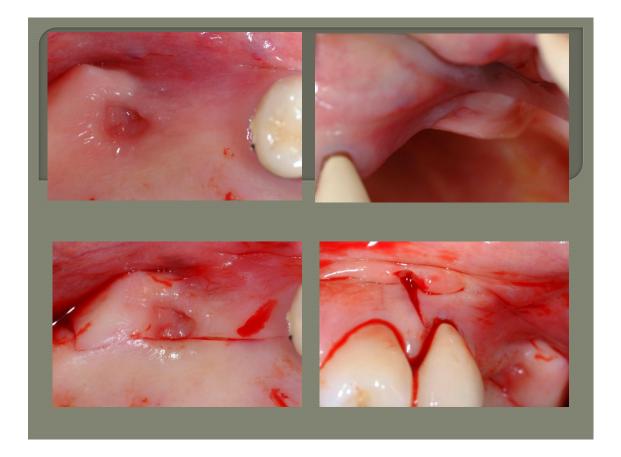
Vertical and horizontal Augmentation

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Member of Korean Implant Association Member of Korean Prosthetic Academy Member of Korean Esthetic Academy This 61 years old female patient visited dental office to restore maxillary left first and second molar area. Treatment approach chosen for this patient was implant prosthesis. Oral and radiographic examination revealed insufficient alveolar ridge height with crestal bony defect.



This patient needs Sinus graft(approach through implant prepared site) and crestal vertical augmentation procedure. Ti oss(100% Bovine cancellous bone substitute, Chiyewon co. Korea) and PRP technique were chosen for this purpose.

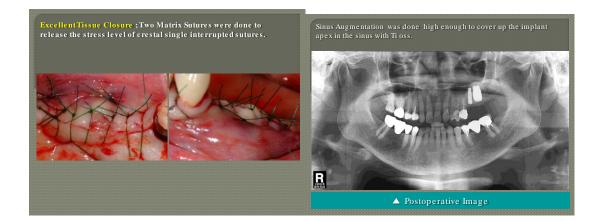


Vertical releasing incision mesial to second premolar and crestal incision distal to second molar

were designed to open the area.



Tissue reflection revealed significant amount of ridge defect(more than 5mm defect) was found on second molar area. PRP and Ti oss mixture was made and was used for vertical build up. Through implant prepared site, Ti oss and PRP mixture was inserted into the sinus cavity after sinus membrane preparation by water pressure technique.



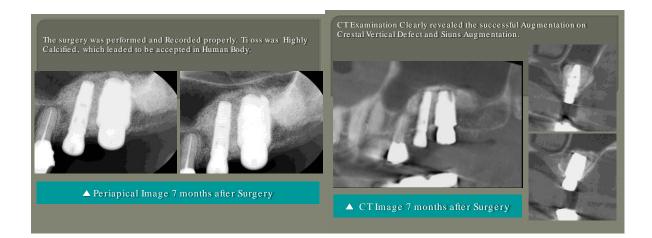
Tissue closure was done with two horizontal matrix suture and interrupted suture. Postoperative panoramic radiograph showed well covered implants with Ti oss and slight opaquish image of Ti oss can be observed in the sins..



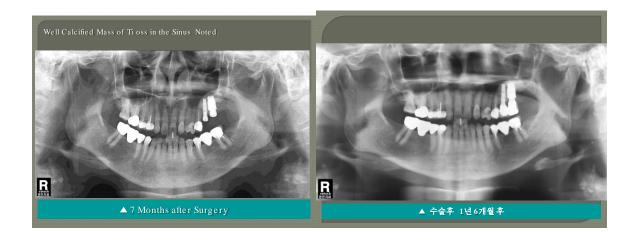
The periapical and panoramic radiograph one month after surgery showed increased density of Ti oss mass and the image of sinus floor began to disappear. This is the proof of graft integration into the sinus cavity. Crestal graft also well stabilized around the implant.



Periapical radiograph after 3 months showed well densified and stabilized Ti oss graft and this is the proof of osteoconductivity of Ti oss.



Second surgery was done after 7 months and healing abutments were connected. All graft was well densified to sustain the functional load. CT images verified three dimensional augmented ridge form and sinus graft.



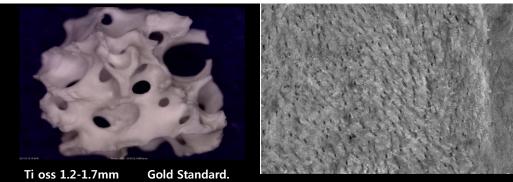
Panoramic radiograph after 7 months and 1 1/2 years after surgery proved well maintained grafted areas in the sinus and ridge area.



Clinical oral image was excellent and periapical radiograph also proved well maintainted creatal ridge contour after one year 10 months.

Comments;

Radiograph 3 months after surgery is a kind of proof of biocompatibility and safety of Ti oss. Multiporosity, osteoblast preferred surface of Ti oss are contributing factors in this success. Almost 2 years follow up backed up the clinical reliability.



Ti oss 1.2-1.7mm Gold Standard. 100 % Cancellous Angiogenic Stucture

SEM x3000 of Ti oss; Unglassified Osteoconductive





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25-1217	Ti-oss 0.25g / 0.8cc	1.2 - 1.7mm
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10-1217	Ti-oss 1.0g / 3.0cc	1.2 - 1.7mm
20-1217	Ti-oss 2.0g/6.0cc	1.2 - 1.7mm



No.	Product / Weight	Size
S25-0512	Ti oss syringe 0.25g / 0.6cc	0.5 - 1.2mm
S05-0512	Ti oss syringe 0.5g / 1.2cc	0.5 - 1.2mm
S25-1217	Ti oss syringe 0.25g / 0.8cc	1.2 - 1.7mm
S05-1217	Ti oss syringe 0.5g / 1.5cc	1.2 - 1.7mm

No.	Product / Weight	Size
25-0210	Tioss 0.25g/0.44cc	0.2 - 1.0mm
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